Missouri Statewide Drug Overdose Deaths by Region

January-December 2022

UMSL-MIMH Addiction Science Team

June 2023

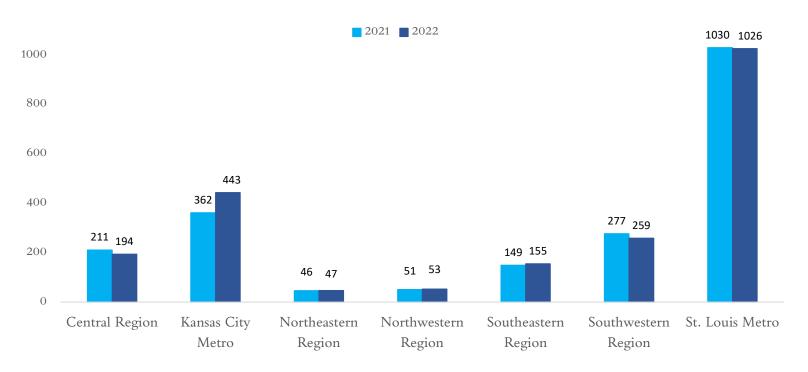
Lives Lost in 2022

- In Missouri in 2022, 2,178 individuals lost their lives to a drug overdose.
- The total number of drug overdose deaths increased by 2.3% statewide in 2022 compared to 2021.
 - o This increase was driven by deaths in the Kansas City metro area.
 - o Deaths increased by 5.5 % among females and .9% among males.
 - o Deaths increased by 5.5% among Black Missourians but decreased by 1.5% among White Missourians.
 - St. Louis Metro was the only region with a decrease in deaths among Black individuals (-6.7%).
- For the second year in a row, fentanyl was involved in 67% of all overdose deaths in 2022.
- The proportion of overdose deaths involving stimulants (either alone or with opioids) continues to increase.



The total number of drug overdose deaths in Missouri increased by 2.3% in 2022 (2178 individuals) compared to 2021 (2128 individuals)

Total Number of Overdose Deaths in Missouri by Region in 2022



- The Central Region had the greatest proportional decrease (-8%) in total overdose deaths while the Kansas City Metro region had the greatest proportional increase (+22%) in total overdose deaths from 2021 to 2022.
- The St. Louis Metro Region (which showed little change in the total number of drug overdose deaths in 2022 compared to 2021), accounted for 47% of all drug overdose deaths in Missouri.

Deaths among Black individuals decreased in the St. Louis Metro although increased in other regions in 2022

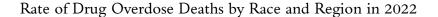
Total Number of Overdose Deaths by Race/Sex by Region in 2022

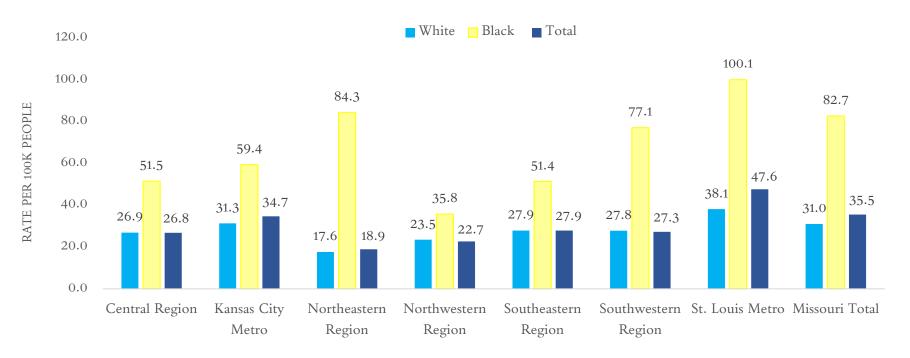
| | | Male | | Female | | | Black | | | White | | |
|---------------------|------|------|--------|--------|------|--------|-------|------|--------|-------|------|--------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | % | 2021 | 2022 | % | 2021 | 2022 | % | 2021 | 2022 | % |
| | | | Change | | | Change | | | Change | | | Change |
| Central Region | 138 | 130 | -5.8 | 73 | 64 | -12.3 | 19 | 21 | +10.5 | 189 | 169 | -10.6 |
| Kansas City Metro | 235 | 307 | +30.6 | 127 | 136 | +7.1 | 75 | 114 | +52.0 | 273 | 297 | +8.8 |
| Northeastern Region | 28 | 28 | 0.0 | 18 | 19 | +5.6 | *sup | 7 | *sup | 44 | 40 | -9.1 |
| Northwestern Region | 36 | 44 | +22.2 | 15 | 9 | -40.0 | *sup | *sup | *sup | 48 | 49 | +2.1 |
| Southeastern Region | 101 | 100 | -1.0 | 48 | 55 | +14.6 | 9 | 15 | +66.7 | 137 | 139 | +1.5 |
| Southwestern Region | 188 | 157 | -16.5 | 89 | 102 | +14.6 | 6 | 12 | +100.0 | 267 | 238 | -10.9 |
| St. Louis Metro | 730 | 704 | -3.6 | 300 | 322 | +7.3 | 431 | 402 | -6.7 | 590 | 595 | +0.8 |
| Missouri Total | 1458 | 1471 | +0.9 | 670 | 707 | +5.5 | 545 | 575 | +5.5 | 1550 | 1527 | -1.5 |

^{*}sup=Number suppressed due to a cell count less than 5; Other races (not Black or White) are included in the Totals but are suppressed in cells due to low counts

- Across Missouri, deaths among males increased by approximately 1% and deaths among females increased by 5.5% in 2022 compared to 2021.
- Deaths among Black individuals increased by 5.5% compared to a decrease of 1.5% among White individuals.
- The St. Louis Metro Region accounted for 70% of all drug overdose deaths among Black individuals in Missouri compared to 79% the year prior. This is due in part to a large increase in the number of deaths of Black individuals in the Kansas City Metro Region in 2022.

The overdose death rate of Black Missourians is over 2.5 times higher than that of White Missourians in 2022

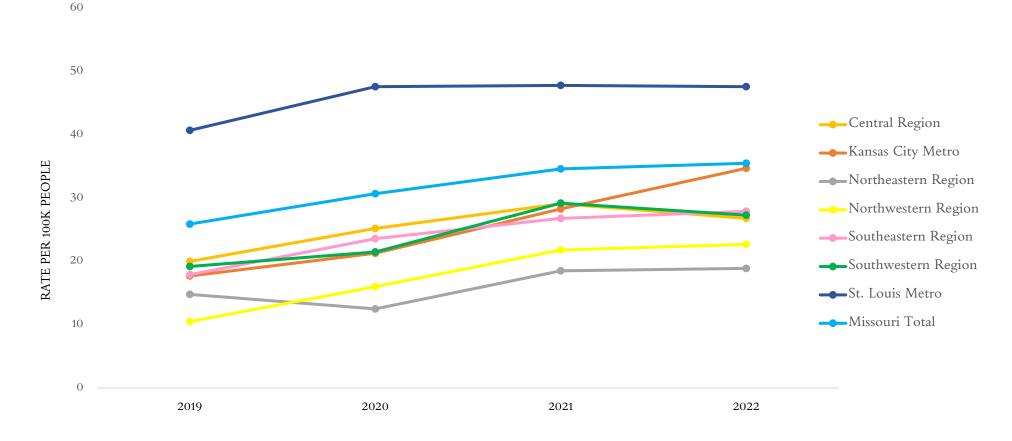




- The overdose death rate for Black individuals was higher than White individuals in every region, with the **St. Louis Metro** region showing the **highest drug overdose death rate for Black individuals** within the state (100.1 per 100,000 people).
- The St. Louis Metro region also has the highest drug overdose death rate among White individuals within the state (38.1 per 100,000 people).

The rate of overdose deaths in Missouri continues to increase

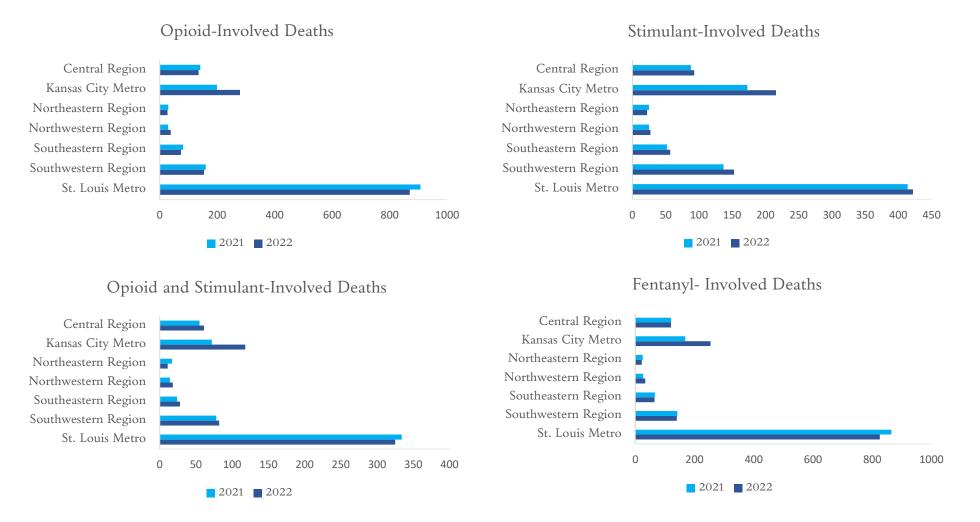
Rate of Drug Overdose Deaths by Region from 2019-2022



- The rate of overdose deaths in the Central, Southwestern, and St. Louis Metro Regions decreased while all other regions increased in 2022.
- The **St. Louis Metro Region** continues to have the **highest rate** of drug overdose deaths in the state in 2022 (47.6 per 100,000 people).

University of Missouri, St. Louis-Missouri Institute of Mental Health Addiction Science Team, Missouri Department of Health & Senior Services. (2023). American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates Detailed Tables. (2019-2021). Missouri Statewide Drug Overdose Deaths by Region (Jan-Dec 2022). Retrieved from https://www.mimhaddisci.org/missouri-overdose-data

Total Counts of Overdose Deaths by Drug and Region from 2021-2022

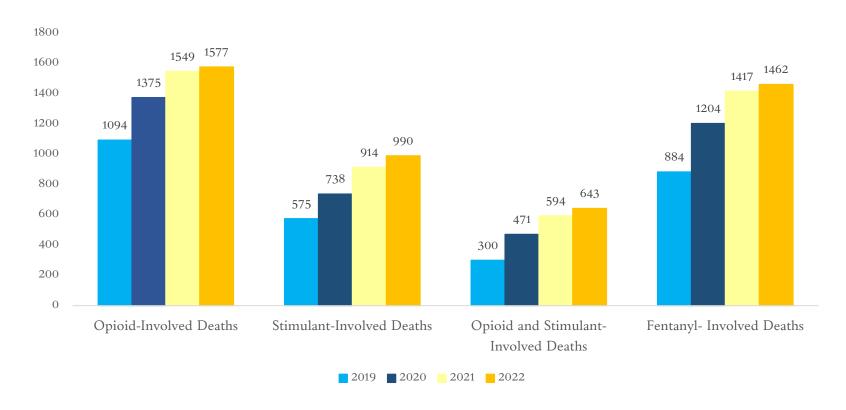


- The Kansas City and Northwestern Regions showed an increase in the total number of fentanyl-involved overdose deaths, while all other regions decreased or remained stable in 2022 compared to 2021.
- The Northeastern Region is the only region to show a decrease in the number of stimulant-involved overdose deaths in 2022 compared to 2021.

University of Missouri, St. Louis-Missouri Institute of Mental Health Addiction Science Team, Missouri Department of Health & Senior Services. (2023). American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates Detailed Tables. (2019-2021). Missouri Statewide Drug Overdose Deaths by Region (Jan-Dec 2022). Retrieved from https://www.mimhaddisci.org/missouri-overdose-data

Fentanyl was involved in 67% of all overdose deaths in 2022

Total Counts of Overdose Deaths in Missouri by Drug from 2019-2022



- The proportion of overdose deaths involving stimulants alone and stimulants in combination with opioids has continued to increase since 2019.
- The proportion of overdose deaths involving Fentanyl remained stagnant in 2022 from 2021 at 67%.